

Anti-GSDMD antibody



Catalog Number: 175144

Product name

Anti-GSDMD antibody

Specificity

Human, Mouse, Rat

Antibody description

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to GSDMD

Preparation

This antigen of this antibody was recombinant protein within human gasdermin d aa 100-300.

Formulation

Liquid, 1*PBS (pH7.4), 0.2% BSA, 50% Glycerol.
Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.

Storage

Store at +4°C after thawing. Aliquot store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

Clonality

Polyclonal

Ig Type

Rabbit IgG

Applications

WB, ICC, IHC-P, FC

Dilutions

WB:1:500-1:2,000

ICC:1:50-1:100

IHC-P:1:50-1:200

FC:1:50-1:100

Validations

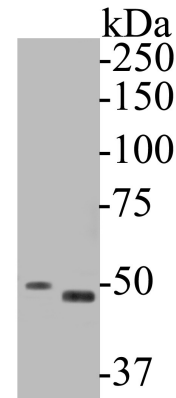


Fig1: Western blot analysis of Gasdermin D on different lysates. Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% BSA in PBS for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (1/500) was used in 5% BSA at room temperature for 2 hours. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1:5,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.; Positive control; Lane 1: SiHa cell lysate; Lane 2: human kidney tissue lysate

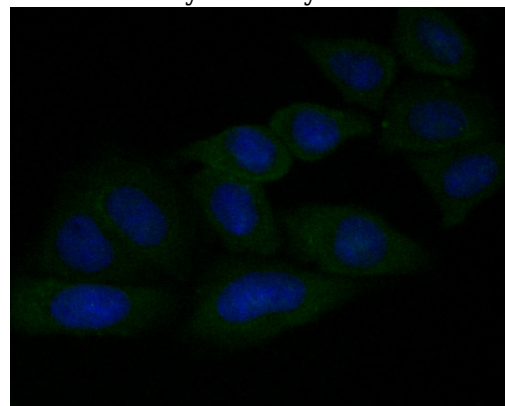


Fig2: ICC staining of Gasdermin D in SiHa cells (green). Formalin fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 10 minutes at room temperature and blocked with 1% Blocker BSA for 15 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody (1/50) for 1 hour at room temperature, washed with PBS. Alexa Fluor®488 Goat anti-Rabbit IgG was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).

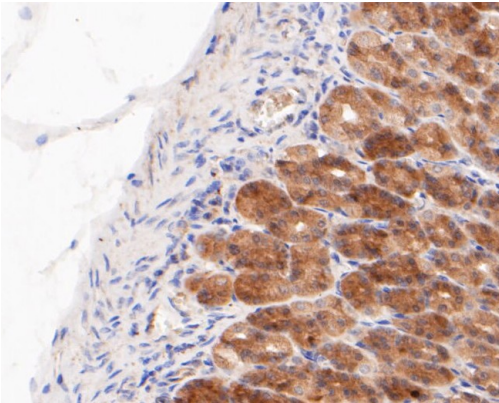


Fig3: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat stomach tissue using anti-Gasdermin D antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (1/200) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

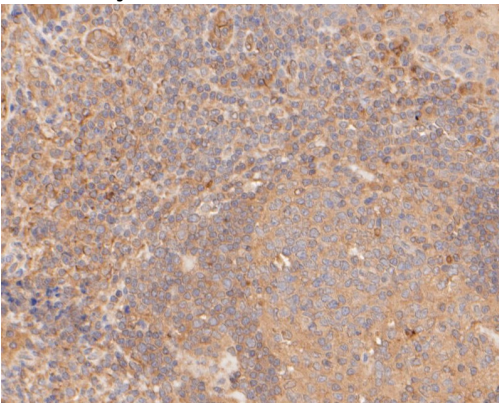


Fig4: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil tissue using anti-Gasdermin D antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (1/50) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the

chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

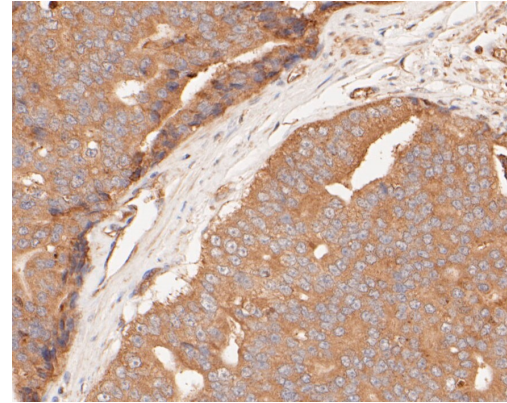


Fig5: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human prostate carcinoma tissue using anti-Gasdermin D antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (1/50) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

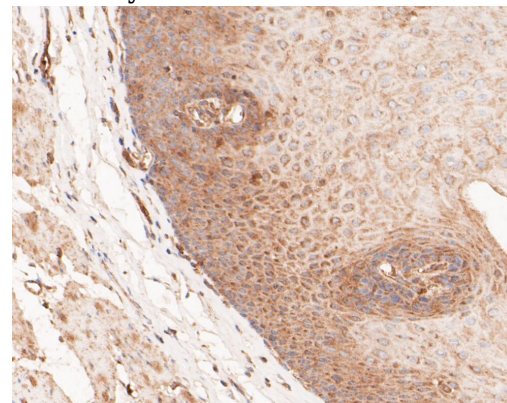


Fig6: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human esophagus tissue using anti-Gasdermin D antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (1/200) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The

detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

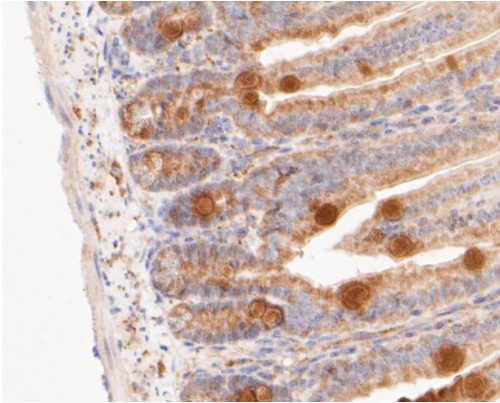


Fig7: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse colon tissue using anti-Gasdermin D antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with

sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5

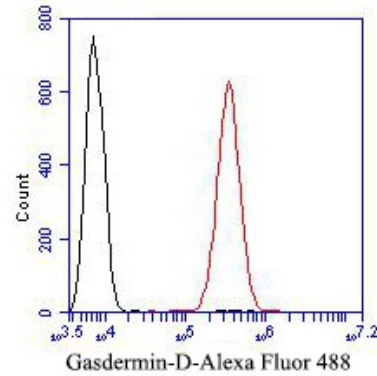


Fig8: Flow cytometric analysis of Gasdermin D was done on SiHa cells. The cells were fixed, permeabilized and stained with the primary antibody (1/50) (red). After incubation of the primary antibody at room temperature for an hour, the cells we