

# Anti-PLAU antibody



Catalog Number: 176547

## Product name

Anti-PLAU antibody

## Specificity

Human, Mouse, Rat

## Antibody description

Rabbit monoclonal antibody to PLAU

## Preparation

This antigen of this antibody was synthetic peptide within human urokinase aa 50-100.

## Formulation

Liquid, 1\*TBS (pH7.4), 0.05% BSA, 40% Glycerol.  
Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.

## Storage

Store at +4°C after thawing. Aliquot store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

## Clonality

Monoclonal

## Ig Type

Rabbit IgG

## Applications

WB, IHC-P

## Dilutions

WB: 1:500-1:2,000

IHC-P: 1:50-1:200

## Validations

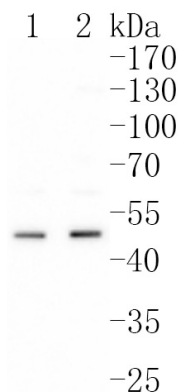


Fig1:: Western blot analysis of Urokinase on different lysates. Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% BSA in PBS for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody ( 1/500) was used in 5% BSA at room temperature for 2 hours. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1:200,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.; Positive control;; Lane 1: PC-3 cell lysate; Lane 2: MCF-7 cell lysate

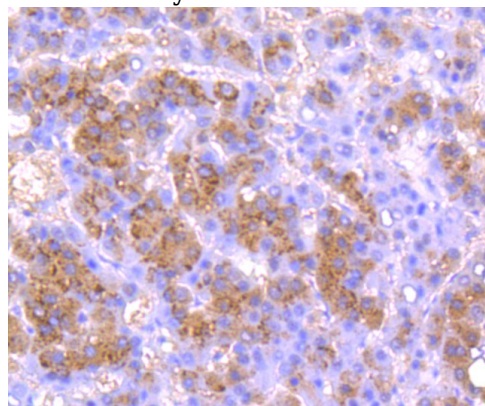


Fig2:: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver carcinoma tissue using anti-Urokinase antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 8.0-8.4) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody ( 1/50) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

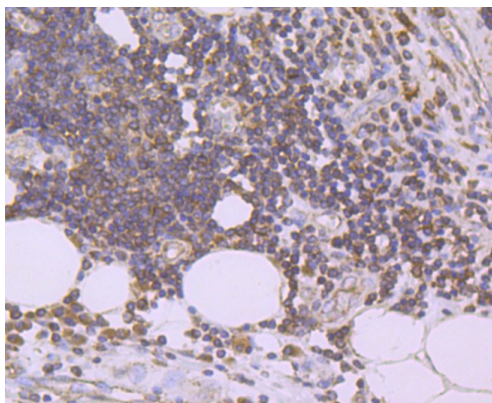


Fig3;; Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma tissue using anti-Urokinase antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 8.0-8.4) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (1/50) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

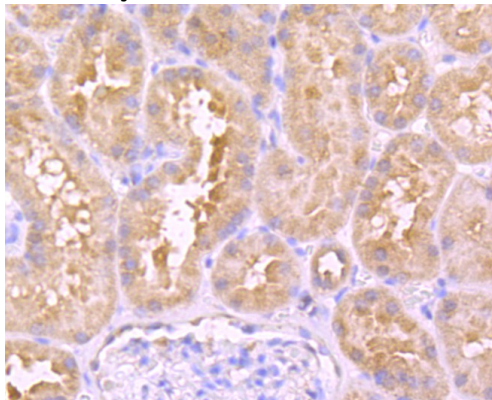


Fig4;; Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-

embedded human kidney tissue using anti-Urokinase antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 8.0-8.4) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (1/50) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

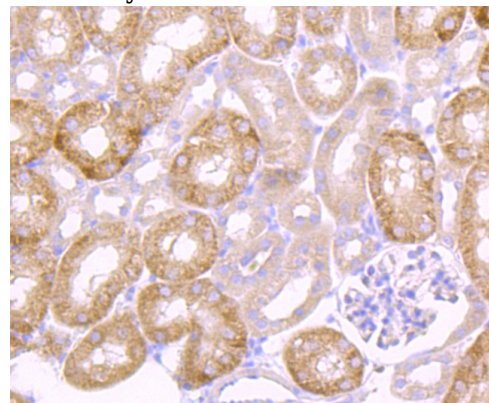


Fig5;; Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse kidney tissue using anti-Urokinase antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 8.0-8.4) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (1/50) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.